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## PROCEEDINGS

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## DETERMINATION OF VITAMIN C (ASCORBIC ACID) IN LIME AND LEMON

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To find out the quantity of vitamin C (ascorbic acid) content in lemon juice (Citrus limon) and lime juice (Citrus aurantifolia). Matured lime and lemon fruits were collected from 10 different local markets in different districts. Fresh juices of fruits were obtained, separately. Metephosphoric acid (HPO3) 3% was prepared. Ascorbic acid standard was made. Five ml of 3% metephosphoric acid was added to 5ml of standard Ascorbic acid solution. Ascorbic acid content in both fruit juices was determined separately using a titrimetric method with 2, 6 Dichlorophenol Indophenol as an indicator. End point of the titration was observed when the solution in the titration flask turns to pink colour. Samples were triplicated. Dye factor was determined by the formula. Average dye factor was 0.126. The range between 45.05 mg - 49.27 mg and 31.26 mg -34.14mg ascorbic acid found in 100ml of lime and lemon juice respectively. The average ascorbic acid in 100 ml lime juice and lemon juice were 47.16 mg and 32.7 mg respectively. Ascorbic acid content found high in lime juice than in lemon juice. Therefore, lime can be used instead of lemon juice in excess weight reduction.

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## HRBC MEMBRAN INFLAMMATORY

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The main action of antiare responsible for the an inflammatory state in their potential in the trea of aqueous and methan of the compound prepa centrifuged at 3000 rpn normal saline. The volu normal saline. The rea % v/v) with 200µl of 6 Standard drug aspirin HRBC suspension (10 were mixed in centrifi centrifuged at 3000 rp photometer at 560 nm. aqueous and methanol fectively. Moreover m concentrations. The st sess enough potential studies are suggested.