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A model for determination of Jațharāgnibased on Anumāna of Gurvādi Guṇa

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Anumāna pramāņa (inference) plays a crucial role in the determination of Jaṭarāgniaccording to Ayurveda. Alterationofthe function of Jaṭarāgniis viewed as a key factor in themanifestation of diseases. Breakdown of the equilibriumof physical and mental state is the cause of the alteration of Agni. This breakdown is caused by the imbalance of Gurvādi Guna(s) (physical properties) comprised in physical and mental Doşa(s). Susrutasamhitāmentions that theimbalance of each Gunainside the body should be inferred through the respective characteristic features and actions which are expressed outside the body. This paper is intended toformulate model for determination of Jatharāgni inferenceofimbalanceof Gurvādi Guna. Authentic Ayurveda texts, secondary texts related to clinical diagnosis and philosophical texts were used as the data sources of the literary survey. In addition, a survey was conducted with the participation of thirty Ayurvedic practitioners through a structured questionnaire to investigatea possible relationship between etiological factors and the Guna imbalance. The model comprised of etiological factors, Gurvādi Guna and Doşa imbalance. 85 characteristic features were identified as significant in the determination of Guna imbalancewhile 40 etiological factors fewer than 04 different categories were identified during the study. The proposed model can be effectively used in inferring the imbalance of Gurvādi Gunainside the body. Further, depending on the Guna imbalance respective etiological factors and Dosa imbalance also can be inferred. It is proposed to establish a criteria forthe diagnosis of the Agni vikrti through inferring Gurvādi Gunaas the further step of this study.

Keywords: Agni vikṛti, Anumāna pramāṇa, Clinical diagnosis, Gurvādi Guṇa