Signs of Buddhism illustrated in sadvrtaya in Ayurveda

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Abstract

Ayurveda is the discipline that describes the cause, symptoms and medicine for mental,

physical and spiritual well-being which is known as healthy life. It evolved in India since 10th

century B.C. Buddhism is stirring the life towards the well-being of physical, mental and

spiritual status and to attain the nibbana to overcome the rebirth to prevent from all dukkhas.

The origin of Buddhism was in 6th century B.C. in India. Though Ayurveda evolved earlier

than Buddhism, contents of Ayurveda were documented in 4th century B.C. When the

documents were reviewed, it was observed that the factors described in Ayurveda show

similarities with those of Buddhism. With this background, a review was carried out and

factors were compared to identify the signs of Buddhism in sadvṛtaya. The set of doctrine

described in sadvrtaya has to be practiced for a healthy life. So, one who observes these

principles simultaneously fulfill both the objectives which maintain positive health and the

control of sense faculties. These illustrated factors highlight the signs of trividha puṇya kriyā

which are helpful to improve śīla, samādhi and prajñā in a person according to Buddhism.

Further to this is the comparison of doctrine of sadvṛṭaya. The factors described in

brahmacarya, pañca śīla, dasa akusal, satara brahma viharaṇa and dhammapadaya

demonstrate the interlace of Buddhism with Ayurveda. When exploring sadvrtaya and

contents of mahā mangala, parābhava, mahā kāśyapa bojjanga, girimānanda, vasala,

karanīya metta, mettānisamsa suttas together with comparable doctrine to improve physical,

mental and spiritual well being in human could be identified. The review leads to identify the

signs of Buddhism in sadvṛṭaya which has been described in Ayurveda.

Key words: Buddhism, Ayurveda, Sadvṛtaya

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