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Abstract

A number of Studies has been done about Monastic Archaeology in Sri Lankan Archaeology. Ramba Vihara is the Main temple of Ambalanthota AGA division . As well As a number of Monasteries were around that Temple. The Ramba viharaya which has began in upper level of the Anuradhapura era. became a main religious center of the Ruhuna early beginning of the Polonnaruwa era. It is should be introducing the real historical and Archaeological value of Sithulpauwa, Thissamaharama also Ramba Viharaya.

If an Archaeologists concern endeavor to the certain regarding with settlements and the ancient monasteries of Rohana. It has not done the vital study about Ramba viharaya and around the area. Ramba viharaya become a developed monastery in 12th century and affectionately to the monasteries of out crop. The research problem of this thesis is the examine in an Archaeologically connection between Ramba viharaya and the other Monasteries. So that majority of the Ancient Monasteries which had been use for the study are quoted of the Historical sources. As well as here concern about the Architectural, Arts and Epigraphically such Archaeological ruins.

The research methods which has been used for this mainly two such as Library study and the field study. Firstly collected the details about the Landscape, Geological location, Historical and Environmental back grounds out of Maps, Drawings, Photographs and the Chronicles. Therefore had to touch up the Monastically architectural and Epigraphically malty subject. As well as went to the field and collected the data from checking, associated checking, interviews, Photography, measuring, drawings ect.

It is possible to review the Buddhist Monasteries was there before Ramba vihara. It is possible to identify several Monasteries beyond to upper level of the Anuradhapura era

from this area. It could be review the Rambawa Monastery has been developed in upper level of Anuradhapura period and beginning of the Polonnaruwa era except another occasions were self developed. As well as It is possible to see the traditional Art of this area which up grade with the assistance of Geographical sources.

Key Words -

Monastic Archaeology

Archaeological examine

Library study

Field study

Ramba viharaya