SOME ASPECTS OF THE BIOLOGY OF PTERDMA PLAGIOPHLEPS
HAMPSON (LEPIDOPTERA; PSYCHIDAE), A DEFOLIATOR OF
DELOMIX REGIA(BOJ) (LEGUMINOSAE: CAESALPINIAGEAE).

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Delonix regie, commonly known as flamboyant is native to Madegascar and has been introduced to Sri Lanks as an ornamental tree. It is subject to defoliation by a case-bearer whose identity and biology had not been previously recorded in this country. This insect has now been identified as <u>Pierome pleatophisms</u> Hampson. The edult male is a typical moth; it is black in colour, has bipectinate entennes one a wing spen of 12 - 13 mm. The adult female, in contrast is a wingless, appropriate creature which does not leave its pupal coccon; it measures 5 - 4 mm in length. Longevity of both males and fomales was 2 - 3 days under laboratory conditions. The mean fecundity was 121,9-20.9 aggs. Fertilized eggs produced females and unfertilized ones, males. The incubation period was 3 - 5 days. Larvae hatched within the pupal coccons. There are five larvai instars. The larvai period ranged from 39 - 47 days and the pupal period was 12 - 15 days.

Five species of hymenopteran parasitoids were reared from larval and pupal cases. The produceous and <u>Decophvila smarandina</u> and the purple sumbird <u>Cinnyria asiatica esiatics</u> were found to prey on this case-bearer.