Lion Motif used in the Buddhist Architecture of Ancient Bangladesh

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Abstract: Lion is the king of the animal world. They live in the plains and grassy hills. The

male lion's job is to protect the clan from enemies. However, lions do not have any natural

enemies. Due to these characteristics the lion has been considered through all ages in the world

as a symbol of royalty and protection as well as of wisdom and pride. In Buddhism lions are

symbolic of the Bodhisattvas. In Buddhist architecture, lion motifs were used as protectors of

Dharma and therefore support the throne of the Buddha's and Bodhisattvas. The lion motifs

were also used at the entrance of the monasteries and shrines possibly for the same reason. In

Bangladesh, there are various types of Lion motifs used in terracotta plaques of Ananda Vihara,

Rupbhanmura and ShalbanVihara at Mainamati in Comilla district, VashuVihara,

Mankalirkundo at Mahasthangarh in Bogra district and SomapuraMahavihara at Paharpur in

Naogaon district. This paper aims to address the cultural significance of the lion motif in

Buddhist architecture of ancient Bangladesh and relates it to various types of representation to

understand its origin and evolution.

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