TRADITIONAL BASIS FOR THE EFFICACY OF PARITTA

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Abstract: The main points discussed in this paper are: a brief account on the term paritta, objectives of the paritta eremony, and the efficacy derived from paritta. The efficacy will be discussed under the following aspects:(i) intrinsic value underlying paritta discourses, (ii) spirittal forces generated through the recitation of paritta, (iii) role of the reciter, (iv) form in which the desired objectives are channelled, (v) ceremonial and rittal practices and (vi) freedom from obstacles.

Paritta is a prophylactic ceremony prevalent among Theravada Buddhists in Sri Lanka. According to the ancient commentarial tradition, history of this ceremony goes back to the age of the Buddha and even to pre-Buddhistic times. However, the ceremony as practised today is a fairly elaborate one which has evolved into its present form through the centuries. There was, and as indeed still is, a strong belief in the efficacy of paritta among Buddhists in Sri Lanka. This may apply even to other Theravada countries such as Burma and Thailand as well. That there was a belief in the efficacy of paritta among Sri Lankan Buddhists from early times is borne out by numerous references made to ancient and medieval rulers who resorted to the ceremonial recitation of paritta to achieve various objectives. It is interesting to observe the historical continuity of this practice right down to our own times. The paritta recitation is widely practised by all Buddhists irrespective of their social and economic standing. Therefore, the subject of paritta deserves detailed investigation. The scope of the present paper, however, would be limited to an examination of the traditions pertaining to its efficacy.

Some idea about the word paritta (Sin. Pirit or pirita) seems relevant to our discussion dealing with its efficacy. The popular meaning of the word paritta is 'protection'. The extended meaning of the word signifies the 'ceremony of protection'. The word paritta (Skt. pari+trā to protect) corresponds to the Sanskrit term paritrāna(pari+trā+ana) in meaning. Some commentarial explanations of paritta are attributed to ancients as follows.

- Paritta is so called because it protects beings by warding off dangers(antarāyam pariharantam tāyati'ti parittam)
- (2) Paritta is so called because it ensures protection on all sides or from all calamities (parito va sabbūpaddavato tāyatī'ti parittam)

For historical development of paritta see Dhammavisuddhi , Y.' A Historical Survey of the Paritta Recitation' Vidyalankara, 1987, pp. 47-64; Silva, Lille de, Paritta (Spotia Zeylanica, vol. 36,part I), 1981, pp. 11-22 (de Silva, 1981).